

— SECTION I —
PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION



Automotive Finishes

THE MARTIN-SENOUR CO.
101 PROSPECT AVE. N.W.
CLEVELAND, OH 44115

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.
DATE OF PREPARATION

(216) 566-2917
(216) 566-2902
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Tec/SYSTEM™ Interior Colors

ACR-I/N

— SECTION II — CAS No. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT (percent by weight)		ACGIH TLV <STEL>	OSHA PEL <STEL>	Units	Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	(Pb) LEAD FREE	(Pb) CONTAINS LEAD
108-88-3	^S Toluene.	50	100 <150>	PPM (Skin)	22.0	1-7	1-7
100-41-4	^S Ethylbenzene.	100 <125>	100 <125>	PPM	7.1	3-7	3-7
1330-20-7	^S Xylene.	100 <150>	100 <150>	PPM	5.9	15-35	15-35
95-63-6	^S 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	25	25	PPM	2.0	1	1
110-43-0	Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	50	100	PPM	2.1	0-5	0-5
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate.	150 <200>	150 <200>	PPM	10.0	5-35	5-35
112-07-2	^S 2-Butoxyethyl Acetate.	50		PPM	1.0	1-4	1-4
Unknown	Coated Mica	3	3	Mg/M3 as Dust		0-3	0-3
8007-18-9	Nickel Antimony Titanate	Not Established				0-15	0-15
68186-90-3	Antimony Chromium Titanium Oxide.	Not Established				0-15	0-15
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide.	10	10[5]	Mg/M3 as Dust [Resp. Fraction]		0-25	0-25
1344-37-2 12656-85-8	Lead Chromate. Molybdate Orange.	0.05	0.05	Mg/M3			<23
^S	Lead compound (maximum) [% Lead]						23[14.3]
^S	Chromium compound (maximum) [% Chromium]					15[0.45]	23[2.6]
^S	Nickel compound (maximum) [% Nickel]					15[0.5]	15[0.5]
^S	Antimony compound (maximum) [% Antimony]					25[2.7]	25[2.7]
	Weight per Gallon (lbs.)					8-10	8-10
	VOC - Total Volatile Organic Compounds (lbs./gal.)					4.5-6.0	4.5-6.0
	VOC - Less Water and exempt Solvents (lbs./gal.)					4.5-6.0	4.5-6.0
	Photochemically Reactive					Yes	Yes
	Flash Point (°F)					50-65	50-65
	HMIS (NFPA) Rating (health - flammability - reactivity)					2 3 0	2* 3 0
	PAINT-SAFE® Personal Protection					J3	J3

^S Ingredient subject to the reporting requirements of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Section 313, 40 CFR 372.65 C

➡➡➡ MSDS Text Page Follows ➡➡➡

Section III — PHYSICAL DATA

PRODUCT WEIGHT	--	See TABLE	EVAPORATION RATE	--	Slower than Ether
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	--	0.96-1.20	VAPOR DENSITY	--	Heavier than Air
BOILING RANGE	--	163-395 °F	MELTING POINT	--	N.A.
VOLATILE VOLUME	--	50-70 %	SOLUBILITY IN WATER	--	N.A.

Section IV — FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION	FLASH POINT	See TABLE	LEL	0.5	UEL	13.1
RED LABEL - Flammable, Flash below 100 °F						
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA						
Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam						
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS						
Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks, and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.						
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES						
Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.						

Section V — HEALTH HAZARD DATA

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE	
Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.	
ACUTE Health Hazards	
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE	
Irritation of eyes, skin and respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.	
Certain colors contain Lead (See TABLE and PRODUCT LABEL). Acute occupational exposure to Lead is uncommon, but results in symptoms similar to chronic overexposure described below.	
SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE	
Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.	
Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.	
MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE	
None known.	
EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES	
If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing.
	Keep warm and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.
	Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Get medical attention.
CHRONIC Health Hazards	
Certain colors contain Lead and/or Chromate (See TABLE and PRODUCT LABEL).	
Chronic overexposure to Lead may result in damage to the blood-forming, nervous, urinary, and reproductive systems (including embryotoxic effects). Symptoms include abdominal discomfort or pain, constipation, loss of appetite, metallic taste, nausea, insomnia, nervous irritability, weakness, muscle and joint pains, headache and dizziness.	
Chromates are listed by IARC and NTP. Although studies have associated exposure to Chromium VI compounds with an increased risk of respiratory cancer, available evidence indicates that Lead Chromate (Chrome Yellow, Molybdate Orange) DOES NOT present this hazard.	
Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section II may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, blood forming, cardiovascular, and reproductive systems.	
Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.	
Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.	

Section VI — REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY - Stable	
CONDITIONS TO AVOID	
None known.	
INCOMPATIBILITY	
Metallics contain Aluminum. Contamination with Water, Acids, or Alkalis can cause evolution of hydrogen, which may result in dangerously increased pressures in closed containers.	
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS	
By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, Oxides of Metals in Section II	
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will Not Occur	

Section VII — SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED
Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate and remove with inert absorbent.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD
Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers. Waste from products containing Lead or Chromium colors must be tested for extractability.
Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section VIII — PROTECTION INFORMATION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE
Certain colors contain Lead (See TABLE and PRODUCT LABEL). Before initial use of Lead-containing colors, consult OSHA's Standard for Occupational Exposure to Lead (29 CFR 1910.1025).
Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands after using.
These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section II) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section II, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).
VENTILATION
Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section II is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section II.
When sanding, wirebrushing, abrading, burning, or welding the dried film, wear a particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against non-volatile materials in Section II.
PROTECTIVE GLOVES
Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section II.
EYE PROTECTION
Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

Section IX — PRECAUTIONS

DOL STORAGE CATEGORY - 1B
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING
Contents are FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame.
During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.
Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.
Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.
OTHER PRECAUTIONS
Certain colors contain Lead (See TABLE and PRODUCT LABEL). Do not apply Lead-containing colors on toys or other children's articles, furniture, or any interior surface of a dwelling or facility which may be occupied or used by children. Do not apply on any exterior surface of dwelling units, such as window sills, porches, stairs, or railings to which children may be commonly exposed.
Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Section X — OTHER REGULATORY INFORMATION

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65
WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

The above information pertains to these product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the products. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.