Klean Strip Aircraft Low Odor Paint Remover

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1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Klean Strip Aircraft Low Odor Paint Remover

Company Name: W. M. Barr Phone Number:

2105 Channel Avenue (901)775-0100

Memphis, TN 38113

Web site address: www.wmbarr.com

Emergency Contact: 3E 24 Hour Emergency Contact (800)451-8346 **Information:** W.M. Barr Customer Service (800)398-3892

Intended Use: Paint/Varnish Remover

Synonyms: CAR777, GAR777, QAR777

Additional Information This product is regulated by the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission

and is subject to certain labeling requirements under the Federal Hazardous Substances Act. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS). The product label also includes other important information, including directions for use, and should always be read in its entirety prior to

using the product.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Acute Toxicity: Oral, Category 4
Acute Toxicity: Inhalation, Category 4

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 1A-1C

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 2A

Carcinogenicity, Category 1B

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure), Category 1







GHS Signal Word: Danger

GHS Hazard Phrases: H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H332: Harmful if inhaled. H350: May cause cancer.

H370: Causes damage to organs.

GHS Precaution Phrases: P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260: Do not breathe gas/mist/vapors/spray. P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear {protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection}.

GHS Response Phrases: P301+312: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel

unwell.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P307+311: IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

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P308+313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P321: Specific treatment see label.

P330: Rinse mouth.

P337+313: If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

GHS Storage and Disposal

P405: Store locked up. Phrases:

P501: Dispose of contents/container according to local, state and federal regulations.

Hazard Rating System:





HMIS:

OSHA Regulatory Status:

This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic):

This product has not been tested as a whole to determine health effects. The health effects listed below are associated with the individual ingredients listed in Section 3.

EYES: Causes eye irritation. May cause tearing, redness, stinging or burning, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause corneal injury.

SKIN: May cause effects ranging from mild irritation to severe pain, and possibly burns, depending on the intensity of contact. Skin absorption may occur.

INHALATION: May cause upper respiratory tract irritation and central nervous system depression with symptoms such as confusion, lightheadedness, dizziness, nausea, vomiting, headache, and fatigue. Causes formation of carbon monoxide in blood which may affect the cardiovascular system and central nervous system, and can cause a lack of oxygen in the blood. Continued exposure may cause unconsciousness, coma, and even death.

INGESTION: May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. May cause central nervous system excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, and drowsiness. If vomiting results in aspiration, chemical pneumonia could occur, which may be fatal. Absorption through the gastrointestinal tract may produce central nervous system depression. May cause kidney damage. May cause blurred vision and visual impairment (including blindness).

CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE EFFECTS: May cause liver and kidney damage. May cause cancer based on animal data (methylene chloride). Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause defatting and dermatitis.

Methanol has caused birth defects in laboratory animals, but only when inhaled at extremely high vapor concentrations. The relevance of this finding to humans is uncertain.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with neurological and other physiological damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling solvents may be harmful or fatal.

ADDITIONAL DATA:

For Methylene Chloride: Alcohol may enhance the toxic effects. May cross the placenta. May be excreted in breast milk. Concurrent exposure to carbon monoxide, smoking, or physical activity may increase the level of carboxyhemoglobin in the blood resulting in

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additive effects.

TARGET ORGANS: blood, central nervous system, liver, skin, cardiovascular system, eyes, kidney, pancreas, heart, lungs, brain

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: skin, eyes, inhalation, ingestion

Medical Conditions Generally Disorders of the heart or cardiovascular system, kidney, liver, nervous system,

Aggravated By Exposure: respiratory system, skin, and other allergies.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS#	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Concentration	RTECS#
75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	80.0 -90.0 %	PA8050000
67-56-1	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	5.0 -10.0 %	PC1400000
544-60-5	Ammonium oleate	< 5.0 %	RG3700000
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum)	< 5.0 %	OA5504000

Additional Chemical

nformation

Specific percentage of composition is being withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Emergency and First Aid

Skin:

Procedures:

Immediately begin washing the skin thoroughly with large amounts of water and mild soap, if available, while removing contaminated clothing. Seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eyes:

Immediately begin to flush eyes with water, remove any contact lens. Continue to flush the eyes for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion:

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention. Call a physician, hospital emergency room, or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Signs and Symptoms Of

Exposure:

See Potential Health Effects.

Note to Physician:

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS METHYLENE CHLORIDE AND LESS THAN 4% METHANOL.

These metabolites can cause metabolic acidosis, visual disturbances and blindness. Since metabolism is required for these toxic symptoms, their onset may be delayed from 6 to 30 hours following ingestion. Ethanol competes for the same metabolic pathway and has been used to prevent methanol metabolism. Ethanol administration is indicated in symptomatic patients or at blood methanol concentrations above 20 ug/dl. Methanol is effectively removed by hemodialysis. Adrenalin should never be given to a person

overexposed to methylene chloride.

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This material sensitizes the heart to the effects of sympathomimetic amines. Epinephrine and other sympathomimetic drugs may initiate cardiac arrhythmia in individuals exposed to this material. This material is metabolized to carbon monoxide. Consequently, elevations in carboxyhemoglobin as high as 50% have been reported, and levels may continue to rise for several hours after exposure has ceased. Data in experimental animals suggest there is a narrow margin between concentrations causing anesthesia and death.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Pt: No data.

Explosive Limits: LEL: No data. UEL: No data.

Autoignition Pt: No data.

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide, dry powder, foam, or water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media:

None known.

Fire Fighting Instructions: Self-contained respiratory protection should be provided for fire fighters fighting fire in buildings or confirmed areas. Storage containers exposed to fire should be kept cool with water spray to prevent pressure build-up. Stay away from heads of containers that have

been exposed to intense heat or flame.

Flammable Properties and

Hazards:

Flashpoint: No flash to boiling.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:

Clean up: Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind, out of low areas, and ventilate closed spaces before entering. Shut off ignition sources; keep flares, smoking or flames out of hazard area. Use non-sparking tools. Use proper bonding and grounding methods for all equipment and processes. Keep out of waterways and bodies of water. Be cautious of vapors collecting in small enclosed spaces, sewers, low lying areas, confined spaces, etc.

Small spills: Take up with sand, earth or other noncombustible absorbent material and place in a plastic container where applicable.

Large spills: Dike far ahead of spill for reclamation or disposal.

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with applicable local, state and federal regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions To Be Taken in Handling:

Read carefully all cautions and directions on product label before use. Since empty container retains residue, follow all label warnings even after container is empty. Dispose of empty container according to all regulations. Do not reuse this container.

Avoid breathing of vapors or mist. Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

A source of clean water should be available in or near the work area for flushing of the eyes and skin if contact occurs.

Precautions To Be Taken in

Storing:

Store in a cool, dry place. Exposure to temperatures in excess of 90 degrees Fahrenheit or prolonged exposure to sun may cause can to leak or swell. Once opened, remover should be used within six months or discarded to avoid can deterioration. Do not store

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near flames or at elevated temperatures.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

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l	CAS#	Partial Chemical Name	OSHA TWA	ACGIH TWA	Other Limits
	75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	PEL: 25 ppm STEL: 125 ppm (15 min)	TLV: 50 ppm	No data.
	67-56-1	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	PEL: 200 ppm	TLV: 200 ppm STEL: 250 ppm	No data.
l	544-60-5	Ammonium oleate	No data.	No data.	No data.
١	64742-47-8	Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum)	No data.	TLV: 200 mg/m3	No data.

Respiratory Equipment (Specify Type):

For use in areas with inadequate ventilation or fresh air, wear a properly maintained and properly fitted NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus or powered air

supply respirator or loose fitting hood.

For OSHA controlled work places and other regular users - Use only with adequate ventilation under engineered air control systems designed to prevent exceeding the appropriate TLV.

A dust mask does not provide protection against vapors.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses, chemical goggles, or face shields are recommended to safeguard

> against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury. Chemical goggles or face shields are recommended when splashing or spraying of chemical is possible. A faceshield provides

more protection to help reduce chemical contact to the face and eyes.

Protective Gloves: Wear gloves with as much resistance to the chemical ingredients as possible. Laminate

> film gloves offer the best protection. Other glove materials, such as nitrile rubber, neoprene, and PVC will be degraded by methylene chloride, but may provide protection for some amount of time, based on the type of glove and the conditions of use. Consult your glove supplier for additional information. Gloves contaminated with product should

be discarded and not reused.

OTHER PROTECTION: Other Protective Clothing:

Various application methods can dictate use of additional protective safety equipment,

such as impermeable aprons, etc., to minimize exposure.

Engineering Controls (Ventilation etc.):

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to

control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Use only with adequate ventilation to prevent buildup of vapors. Do not use in areas where vapors can accumulate and concentrate, such as basements, bathrooms or small enclosed areas. Whenever possible, use outdoors in an open air area. If using indoors open all windows and doors and maintain a cross ventilation of moving fresh air across the work area. If strong odor is noticed or you experience slight dizziness, headache, nausea or eye-watering -- STOP -- ventilation is inadequate. Leave area immediately

and move to fresh air.

Work/Hygienic/Maintenance Wash hands thoroughly after use and before eating, drinking, or smoking.

Practices:

Do not eat, drink, or smoke in the work area.

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Discard any clothing or other protective equipment that cannot be decontaminated.

Facilities storing or handling this material should be equipped with an emergency eyewash and safety shower.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical States:[] Gas [X] Liquid [] SolidAppearance and Odor:Thick, orange to yellow opaque paste.

Melting Point: No data.

Boiling Point: 105.00 F - 300.00 F

Autoignition Pt: No data. Flash Pt: No data.

Explosive Limits: LEL: No data. UEL: No data.

Specific Gravity (Water = 1): No data.

Density: 10.04 LB/GL

Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or

286.5 mm HG at 68.0 F

mm Hg):

Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1): > 1

Evaporation Rate: No data.

Solubility in Water: Slight

Viscosity: 80 - 90 KU

pH: 8.5 - 10.5

Percent Volatile: 95.0 % by we

Percent Volatile: 95.0 % by weight. VOC / Volume: 71.0000 G/L

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Unstable [] Stable [X]

Conditions To Avoid - No data available.

Instability:

Incompatibility - Materials To Bases, oxygen, sodium, potassium, strong oxidizers, reactive metals, strong acids

Avoid:

Hazardous Decomposition Or Hydrogen chloride, chlorine, phosgene, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide

Byproducts:

Possibility of Hazardous Wil

Will occur [] Will not occur [X]

Reactions:

Conditions To Avoid - No data available.

Hazardous Reactions:

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological Information: This product has not been tested as a whole. Refer to section 2 for acute and chronic

effects.

CAS# 75-09-2:

Carcinogenicity/Other Information:

Tumorigenic Effects:, TCLo, Inhalation, Rat, 3500. PPM, 6 Y.

Resu

Tumorigenic: Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria.

Endocrine: Tumors.

- Fundamental and Applied Toxicology., Academic Press, Inc., 1 E. First St., Duluth, MN

55802, Vol/p/yr: 4,30, 1984

Standard Draize Test, Eyes, Species: Rabbit, 100.0 MG, Severe.

Result:

Effects on Newborn: Growth statistics (e.g., reduced weight gain).

Effects on Newborn: Physical.

- Union Carbide Data Sheet, Union Carbide Corp., 39 Old Ridgebury Rd., Danbury, CT

06817, Vol/p/yr: 4/25, 1958

Standard Draize Test, Skin, Species: Rabbit, 810.0 MG, 24 H, Severe.

Result:

Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system.

- European Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Hygiene., For publisher

information, see TOERD9, Paris France, Vol/p/yr: 9,171, 1976

IARC 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

ACGIH A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

CAS#	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA
75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	Possible	2B	A3	Yes
67-56-1	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
544-60-5	Ammonium oleate	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum)	n.a.	n.a.	A4	n.a.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Ecological This

This product has not been tested as a whole.

Information:

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose in accordance with applicable local, state and federal regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT):

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Paint Related Material

DOT Hazard Class: 8 CORROSIVE

UN/NA Number: UN3066 Packing Group: II



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Additional Transport Information:

The shipper/supplier may apply one of the following exceptions: Combustible Liquid, Consumer Commodity, Limited Quantity, Viscous Liquid, Does Not Sustain Combustion, or others, as allowed under 49CFR Hazmat Regulations. Please consult 49CFR Subchapter C to ensure that subsequent shipments comply with these exceptions.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPA SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986) Lists						
CAS#	Hazardous Components (Che	emical Name)	S. 302 (EHS)	S. 304 RQ	S. 313 (TRI)	
75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}		No	Yes 1000 LB	Yes	
67-56-1	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}		No	Yes 5000 LB	Yes	
544-60-5	Ammonium oleate		No	No	No	
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated light distillate (pet	roleum)	No	No	No	
This material meets the EPA [X] Yes [] No Acute (immediate) Health Hazard 'Hazard Categories' defined [X] Yes [] No Chronic (delayed) Health Hazard for SARA Title III Sections [] Yes [X] No Fire Hazard 311/312 as indicated: [] Yes [X] No Reactive Hazard			zard			
CAS # Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)		Other US EPA or State Lists				
75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}		CAA HAP,ODC: HAP; CWA NPDES: Yes; TSCA: Yes - Inventory, 8A CAIR; CA PROP.65: Yes			
67-56-1 Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}		CAA HAP,ODC: HAP; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: Yes				
544-60-5 Ammonium oleate			CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: No			

16. OTHER INFORMATION

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Preparer Name: W.M. Barr EHS Dept (901)775-0100

Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum)

Additional Information About No data available.

This Product:

64742-47-8

Company Policy or

Disclaimer:

The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.

Inventory; CA PROP.65: No

CAA HAP, ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes -