



# NAPA Windshield Wash and Deicer Fluid 0 °F

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date: 10/01/2023

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture  
Product name : NAPA Windshield Wash and Deicer Fluid 0 °F

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Windshield washer fluid

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Old World Industries, LLC  
3100 Sanders Road  
Northbrook, IL 60062 - USA  
T (847) 559-2000  
[www.oldworldind.com](http://www.oldworldind.com)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 800 424 9300 (United States); 00 1 703 527 3887 (International)  
Chemtrec

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS-US classification

Flammable liquids, Category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4	H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist), Category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 1	H370	Causes damage to organs (May cause blindness if swallowed)

Full text of H statements : see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



Signal word (GHS-US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor  
H302+H312+H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled  
H370 - Causes damage to organs (May cause blindness if swallowed)

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks  
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.  
P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment  
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment.  
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.  
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapors  
P264 - Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

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Precautionary statements (GHS-US) *continued* :

- P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280 - Wear personal protective equipment as required.
- P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call doctor/physician or poison center. Rinse Mouth
- P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
- P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P312 - Call doctor/physician or poison center if you feel unwell
- P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use Foam, Sand, Dry powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) to extinguish.
- P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
- P405 - Store locked up.
- P501 - Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations

### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	% by wt	GHS-US classification
water	(CAS-No.) 7732-18-5	<= 77	Not classified
methanol	(CAS-No.) 67-56-1	<= 23	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 STOT SE 1, H370

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation : If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Seek immediate medical advice. Allow the victim to rest. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash immediately with lots of water. Soap may be used. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing before washing. Consult a doctor/medical service.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper lids. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Obtain emergency medical attention. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause irritation of the nose and throat. High concentrations may cause central nervous system characterized by severe headaches, dizziness, nausea and confusion.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Prolonged exposure to skin may cause skin irritation experienced as burning, dryness, cracking and redness.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : May cause severe irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May cause nausea, abdominal pain, headache, shortness of breath, visual impairment and blindness. Severe poisoning can lead to coma and death.

Chronic symptoms : Repeated or prolonged skin contact. Red skin. Dry skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Headache. Feeling of weakness. Disturbed tactile sensibility. Visual disturbances. Sleeplessness. Gastrointestinal complaints. Cardiac and blood circulation effects.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

This product contains methanol which can cause intoxication and depression of the central nervous system. Methanol is metabolized to formic acid and formaldehyde. These metabolites can cause metabolic acidosis, visual disturbances and blindness. Since metabolism is required for these toxic symptoms, their onset may be delayed from 6 to 30 hours following ingestion.

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### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : ABC powder. Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Sand.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or may be moved by ventilation.
- Explosion hazard : Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

#### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Avoid breathing vapors, mist. If exposed to levels above exposure limits wear appropriate respiratory protection.

##### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Keep upwind. Mark the danger area.

##### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
- Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Contain released product. Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Dam up the liquid spill. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Try to reduce evaporation. Dilute combustible/toxic gases/vapors with water spray. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water.
- Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Additional hazards when processed : In use, may form flammable vapor-air mixture.
- Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor.
- Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.
- Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Heat sources. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.
- Incompatible products : Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and oxidizing agents.
- Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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### 8.1. Control parameters

methanol (67-56-1)		
ACGIH	Local name	Methanol
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm (Skin)
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm (Skin)
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Headache; eye dam; dizziness; nausea
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³ (Skin)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm (Skin)
water (7732-18-5)		
Not applicable		

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

No additional information available

### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Gloves. Safety glasses.

#### Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves.

#### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Wear appropriate mask



#### Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: Blue
Odor	: alcohol
Odor threshold	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: Greater then n-butyl acetate
Freezing point	: -17.8 °C (0 °F)
Boiling point	: 85.6 °C (186 °F)
Flash point	: 40 °C (104 °F) Method Used: TCC
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: 37.2 mm Hg @ 20 °C
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: Heavier than air

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Specific Gravity	: 0.97 @ 20 °C
Solubility	: Water: Complete
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive limits	: 6 - 36 vol %
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

### 9.2. Other information

VOC content	: 23 %
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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from any flames or sparking source.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and oxidizing agents.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
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methanol (67-56-1)	
LD50 oral rat	1187 - 2769 mg/kg bodyweight (BASF test, Rat, Male / female, Weight of evidence, Aqueous solution, Oral, 7 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	17100 mg/kg (Rabbit, Inconclusive, insufficient data, Dermal)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	128.2 mg/l/4h (BASF test, 4 h, Rat, Male/female, Weight of evidence)
ATE US (oral)	100 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (dermal)	300 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (gases)	700 ppmv/4h
ATE US (vapors)	3 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust,mist)	0.5 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified

Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: Causes damage to organs (May cause blindness if swallowed) .

STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
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Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
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Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause irritation of the nose and throat. High concentrations may cause central nervous system characterized by severe headaches, dizziness, nausea and confusion.
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Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Prolonged exposure to skin may cause skin irritation experienced as burning, dryness, cracking and redness.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: May cause severe irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May cause nausea, abdominal pain, headache, shortness of breath, visual impairment and blindness. Severe poisoning can lead to coma and death.
Chronic symptoms	: Repeated or prolonged skin contact. Red skin. Dry skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Headache. Feeling of weakness. Disturbed tactile sensibility. Visual disturbances. Sleeplessness. Gastrointestinal complaints. Cardiac and blood circulation effects.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

methanol (67-56-1)	
LC50 fish 1	15,400.00 mg/l (EPA 660/3 - 75/009, 96 h, Lepomis macrochirus, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 Daphnia 1	18,260.00 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 96 h, Daphnia magna, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
ErC50 (algae)	22,000.00 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 96 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

methanol (67-56-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 - 1.12 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.42 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	1.50 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

methanol (67-56-1)	
BCF fish 1	1 - 4.5 (72 h, Cyprinus carpio, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
Log Pow	-0.77 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

methanol (67-56-1)	
Surface tension	0.02 N/m (20 °C)
Log Koc	0.09 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the ozone layer	: No known effect on the ozone layer
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Other information	: Not regulated according to 49 CFR 173.150 (e) when shipping domestically.
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### Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Refer to current TDG Canada for further Canadian regulations

#### Transport by sea

In accordance with IMDG / IMO

Transport document description (IMDG)	: UN 1992 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Methanol Solution), 3 (6.1), III
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1992
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Class (IMDG)	: 3 - Flammable liquids
Packing group (IMDG)	: III - substances presenting low danger
Subsidiary risk (IMDG)	: 6.1 - Toxic substances
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: Limited Quantities of Class 3 (This must be notated on Shipper's Declaration).
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: LQC3

#### Air transport

In accordance with IATA / ICAO

Transport document description (IATA)	: UN 1992 Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s. (Methanol Solution), 3 (6.1), III
UN-No. (IATA)	: 1992
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.
Class (IATA)	: 3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (IATA)	: III - Minor Danger
Subsidiary risks (IATA)	: 6.1 - Toxic substances
Instruction "passenger" - Limited quantities (ICAO)	: Y343 (Max qty. per package 10L). Special Provision A3

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

NAPA Windshield Wash and Deicer Fluid 0 °F	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): The intentional ingredients of this product are listed
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	23 % (Methanol CAS # 67-56-1)

methanol (67-56-1)	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb(s) (2270 kg)
water (7732-18-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

NAPA Windshield Wash and Deicer Fluid 0 °F	
WHMIS Classification	This SDS has been prepared according to the criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (WHMIS 2015) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the HPR. Applicable GHS information is listed in section 2.2 of this SDS.

### 15.3. US State regulations

#### WARNING:

This product can expose you to methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

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methanol (67-56-1)					
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
No	Yes	No	No		47000 µg/day (inhalation); 23,000 µg/day (oral)

methanol (67-56-1)	
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	

## SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 10/01/2023

Full text of H-statements:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs

NFPA health hazard

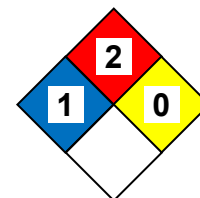
: 1 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause significant irritation.

NFPA fire hazard

: 2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



SDS GHS US (GHS HazCom 2012) OWI

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