

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision date: 10/01/2019

SECTION 1: Identifica	ation of the subs	tance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifie		
Product form		: Mixture
Product name		: NAPA Windshield Wash -25 °F
1.2. Relevant identifie	ed uses of the substa	ance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the substance/mixtur		: Windshield washer fluid
1.3.Details of the supOld World Industries, LLC3100 Sanders RoadNorthbrook, IL 60062 - USAT (847) 559-2000www.oldworldind.com	oplier of the safety da	ata sheet
1.4. Emergency telep	hone number	
Emergency number		: 800 424 9300 (United States); 00 1 703 527 3887 (International) Chemtrec
<b>SECTION 2: Hazards</b>	identification	
	the substance or mix	xture
GHS-US classification	11000	
Flammable liquids, Category 3 Acute toxicity (oral),	H226 H301	Flammable liquid and vapor Toxic if swallowed.
Category 3 Acute toxicity (dermal),	H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
Category 3		
Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist)	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Category 4 Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 1	H370	Causes damage to organs (May cause blindness if swallowed)
Full text of H statements : se	ee section 16	
2.2. Label elements		
GHS-US labelling Hazard pictograms (GHS-US	5)	CHS02 GHS06 GHS08
Signal word (GHS-US)		: Danger
Hazard statements (GHS-US	5)	: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor H301+H311 - Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H370 - Causes damage to organs (May cause blindness if swallowed)
Precautionary statements (G	GHS-US)	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P233 - Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapors</li> <li>P264 - Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P280 - Wear personal protective equipment as required.</li> <li>P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call doctor/physician or poison center. Rinse Mouth</li> </ul>

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Precautionary statements (GHS-US) continued	<ul> <li>P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower</li> <li>P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing</li> <li>P312 - Call doctor/physician or poison center if you feel unwell</li> <li>P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use Foam, Sand, Dry powder, Carbon dioxide to extinguish.</li> <li>P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.</li> <li>P405 - Store locked up.</li> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations</li> </ul>
2.3. Other hazards	

## No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

# Not applicable 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	% by wt	GHS-US classification
water	(CAS-No.) 7732-18-5	>= 65	Not classified
methanol	(CAS-No.) 67-56-1	<= 35	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 STOT SE 1, H370

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general :	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation :	If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Seek immediate medical advice. Allow the victim to rest. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
First-aid measures after skin contact :	Wash immediately with lots of water. Soap may be used. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing before washing. Consult a doctor/medical service.
First-aid measures after eye contact :	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper lids. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.
First-aid measures after ingestion :	Obtain emergency medical attention. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects	, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/effects after inhalation :	May cause irritation of the nose and throat. High concentrations may cause acute central nervous system depression characterized by headaches, dizziness, nausea and confusion.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact :	Prolonged exposure to skin may cause skin irritation experienced as burning, dryness, cracking and redness.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact :	May cause severe irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion :	May cause nausea, abdominal pain, headache, shortness of breath, visual impairment and blindness. Severe poisoning can lead to coma and death.
Chronic symptoms :	ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Red skin. Dry skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Headache. Feeling of weakness. Disturbed tactile sensibility. Visual disturbances. Sleeplessness. Gastrointestinal complaints. Cardiac and blood circulation effects.
4.2 Indication of any immediate medical a	

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

This product contains methanol which can cause intoxication and depression of the central nervous system. Methanol is metabolized to formic acid and formaldehyde. These metabolites can cause metabolic acidosis, visual disturbances and blindness. Since metabolism is required for these toxic symptoms, their onset may be delayed from 6 to 30 hours following ingestion.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: ABC powder. Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Sand.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the sul	ostance or mixture
Fire hazard	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or may be moved by ventilation.
Explosion hazard	: Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.
5.3. Special protective equipment and pr	recautions for fire-fighters
Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures			
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
General measures	: Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.		
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel			
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Keep upwind. Mark the danger area.		
6.1.2. For emergency responders			
Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.		
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.		
6.2. Environmental precautions			
Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify	authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.		
6.3. Methods and material for containment	nt and cleaning up		
For containment	: Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Dam up the liquid spill. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Try to reduce evaporation. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water. Dilute combustible/toxic gases/vapors with water spray.		
Methods for cleaning up	: Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.		
6.4. Reference to other sections			
See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal p	protection.		
SECTION 7: Handling and storage			

SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Additional hazards when processed	: In use, may form flammable vapor-air mixture.
Precautions for safe handling	: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor.
Hygiene measures	: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, includin	g any incompatibilities
Technical measures	: Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.
Storage conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Heat sources, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.
Incompatible products	: Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	: Sources of ignition.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	

No additional information available

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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## 8.1. Control parameters

methanol (67-56-1)			
ACGIH	Local name	Methanol	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm (Skin)	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm (Skin)	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Headache; eye dam; dizziness; nausea	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	260 mg/m³ (Skin)	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm (Skin)	
water (7732-18-5)			
Not applicable			

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

No additional information available

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

## Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Gloves. Safety glasses.

### Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves.

## Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses

## Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

## **Respiratory protection:**

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Wear appropriate mask



### Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

<b>SECTION 9: Physical and chemica</b>	al properties
9.1. Information on basic physical an	d chemical properties
Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: Blue
Odor	: alcohol
Odor threshold	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: Greater then n-butyl acetate
Freezing point	: -31.7 °C (-25 °F)
Boiling point	: 80.6 °C (177 °F)
Flash point	: 32 °C (89 °F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: 44 mm Hg @ 20 C
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: Heavier than air

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Specific Gravity	: 0.94 @ 20 C
Solubility	: Water: Complete
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive limits	: 6 - 36 vol %
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
9.2. Other information	
VOC content	: 35 %

SECTION 10: Stability and read	tivity
10.1. Reactivity	
No additional information available	
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stable.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous read	tions
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Keep away from ignition sources/sparks.	
10.5. Incompatible materials Keep away from strong acids, strong bas	as and avidizing agapta
10.6. Hazardous decomposition pr	
Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide	
SECTION 11: Toxicological info	ormation
11.1. Information on toxicological	effects
Acute toxicity	: Not classified
NAPA Windshield Wash -25 °F	
ATE US (oral)	285.714 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (dermal)	857.143 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (dust,mist)	1.429 mg/l/4h
methanol (67-56-1)	
LD50 oral rat	1187 - 2769 mg/kg bodyweight (BASF test, Rat, Male / female, Weight of evidence, Aqueous solution, Oral, 7 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	17100 mg/kg (Rabbit, Inconclusive, insufficient data, Dermal)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	128.2 mg/l/4h (BASF test, 4 h, Rat, Male/female, Weight of evidence)
ATE US (oral)	100 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (dermal)	300 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (gases)	700 ppmv/4h
ATE US (vapors) ATE US (dust,mist)	3 mg/l/4h 0.5 mg/l/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified : Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitisation Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Caromogenioity	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: Causes damage to organs (May cause blindness if swallowed).
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
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Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause irritation of the nose and throat. High concentrations may cause acute central nervous system depression characterized by headaches, dizziness, nausea and confusion.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Prolonged exposure to skin may cause skin irritation experienced as burning, dryness, cracking and redness.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: May cause severe irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May cause nausea, abdominal pain, headache, shortness of breath, visual impairment and blindness. Severe poisoning can lead to coma and death.
Chronic symptoms	: ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Red skin. Dry skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Headache. Feeling of weakness. Disturbed tactile sensibility. Visual disturbances. Sleeplessness. Gastrointestinal complaints. Cardiac and blood circulation effects.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information** 12.1. Toxicity

methanol (67-56-1)	
LC50 fish 1	15,400.00 mg/l (EPA 660/3 - 75/009, 96 h, Lepomis macrochirus, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 Daphnia 1	18,260.00 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 96 h, Daphnia magna, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
ErC50 (algae)	22,000.00 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 96 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

methanol (67-56-1)			
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.		
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 - 1.12 g O₂/g substance		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.42 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance		
ThOD	1.50 g O₂/g substance		

### 12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential**

methanol (67-56-1)		
BCF fish 1	1 - 4.5 (72 h, Cyprinus carpio, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
Log Pow	-0.77 (Experimental value)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

methanol (67-56-1)		
Surface tension	0.02 N/m (20 °C)	
Log Koc	0.09 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	

#### Other adverse effects 12.5.

Other information

: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal consideration	15
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.</li> </ul>
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.
SECTION 14: Transport information	

## **Department of Transportation (DOT)**

In accordance with DOT

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Transport document description	: UN1993 Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methanol), 3, III
UN-No.(DOT)	: UN1993
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methanol)
Class (DOT)	: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
Packing group (DOT)	: III - Minor Danger
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 3 - Flammable liquid
	PAMMAEE LOUID
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 203
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 242
DOT Symbols	: G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 60 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 220 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
Other information	: In inner packaging no more than 5.0 L: Proper Shipping Name: Limited Quantity of Class III Per 49 CFR Part 173.10 (PG III, inner packaging no more than 5.0L).

## Transportation of Dangerous Goods

## Refer to current TDG Canada for further Canadian regulations

## Transport by sea

In accordance with IMDG / IMO

Transport document description (IMDG)	: UN 1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methanol), 3, III
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1993
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methanol)
Class (IMDG)	: 3 - Flammable liquids
Packing group (IMDG)	: III - substances presenting low danger
Limited quantities (IMDG)	In Non-Bulk quantities with inner packaging no more than 5.0L: Proper Shipping Name: Dangerous Goods in Limited Class 3 (Windshield Wash Containing Methanol) Packages or pallets must be marked "Dangerous Goods in Limited Quantities of Class 3" Outer Package cannot weigh more than 30 kg.
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 5L
Air transport	
In accordance with IATA / ICAO	
Transport document description (IATA)	: UN 1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methanol), 3, III
UN-No. (IATA)	: 1993
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methanol)
Class (IATA)	: 3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (IATA)	: III - Minor Danger
Instruction "passenger" - Limited quantities (ICAO)	: Y309 (Max qty. per package 10L) Special Provision A3
SECTION 15: Regulatory information	n

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

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NAPA Windshield Wash -25 °F			
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	Toxic Substances ( product are listed	Control Act (TSCA): The intentional ingredients of this	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) Delayed (chronic) h Fire hazard		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	35 % Methanol (67	-56-1)	
methanol (67-56-1)			
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb(s) (2270 kg)		

water (7732-18-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substand	es Control Act) inventory

### 15.2. International regulations

CANADA	
NAPA Windshield Wash -25 °F	
WHMIS Classification	This SDS has been prepared according to the criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (WHMIS 2015) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the HPR. Applicable GHS information is listed in section 2.2 of this SDS.

### 15.3. US State regulations

This product can expose you to methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

methanol (67-56-1)					
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
No	Yes	No	No		47000 μg/day (inhalation); 23,000 μg/day (oral)

## methanol (67-56-1)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Revision date

: 10/01/2019

### Full text of H-statements:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs

### NFPA health hazard

NFPA fire hazard

NFPA reactivity

: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

: 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



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### SDS GHS US (GHS HazCom 2012) OWI

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